Daily Peace and Crisis Report — Tuesday

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Sources consulted:

WAFA *(Palestinian official)* | UNRWA *(UN agency)* | OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)* | Al Jazeera *(Qatari international news network)* | RT *(Russian state)* | Russia Matters *(Western-nuanced source)* | OHCHR *(UN agency)* | Reuters *(wire service)* | IOM *(UN agency)* | CSIS *(US policy research institution)* | UN News *(UN agency)* | France 24 *(French international news network)* | OCHA Myanmar *(UN/humanitarian)* | UN Press *(UN agency)* | Petra *(Jordanian state news agency)* | Yeni Safak *(Turkish daily newspaper)*

SUMMARY

See below for detail and source

- **Gaza Strip:** The cumulative death toll in the Gaza Strip reached 74,643 with 175,962 injured since 7 October 2023, according to WAFA *(Palestinian official)*, while OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)* warned that daily humanitarian meal distributions could fall by 45 per cent after Israel suspended aid shipments from Egypt, and winter preparations face a US$186.5 million funding shortfall with only 2,800 tents available against 121,000 needed.
- **West Bank:** Israeli forces concluded a ten-day operation in Hebron that displaced roughly 3,000 Palestinians, October recorded the highest monthly total of settler attacks (457) since UN records began in 2006, and fresh raids detained nine young men near Jenin, according to OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)* and WAFA *(Palestinian official)*.
- **Eastern Europe:** The United States is mediating a fourth round of trilateral peace negotiations between Ukraine and Russia in Abu Dhabi on 10–11 November, with European officials present on-site despite Kremlin objections, while Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelenskyy indicated that security guarantees for Russia

could be discussed after Ukraine's own security needs are met, Al Jazeera *(Qatari international news network)* reported.

- **Russian Perspective:** The Russian Defense Ministry reported overnight drone strikes against Ukrainian electric substations feeding military facilities across four regions, a drone assembly plant in Poltava, and a cargo vessel in the Black Sea, as reported by RT *(Russian state)*, which reiterated that Moscow will not accept a temporary ceasefire that merely permits Kyiv to rearm.
- **Africa:** In Sudan, CSIS-collated estimates put the war's death toll at 150,000 to 400,000, according to CSIS *(US policy research institution)*, intensifying drone strikes have crippled energy and fuel infrastructure, UN News *(UN agency)* reported, and IOM *(UN agency)* warned that 15.4 million people urgently need emergency shelter amid the world's largest displacement crisis of approximately 8.6 million internally displaced people.
- **Asia:** In Myanmar, the junta's 'Yan Naing Min' offensive to retake Rakhine State intensified with deadly airstrikes on civilian targets including a bridge and a temporary clinic, according to France 24 *(French international news network)*, as ACLED figures place total conflict deaths since the 2021 coup at more than 100,000 and OCHA Myanmar *(UN/humanitarian)* reports nearly 3.8 million displaced nationwide.

MIDDLE EAST

Gaza Strip

The cumulative death toll from Israel's military campaign in the Gaza Strip reached 74,643, with 175,962 people injured since 7 October 2023, according to WAFA *(Palestinian official)*, which reported that hospitals received three fatalities and 15 wounded individuals over the preceding 48 hours. Casualties continue to accumulate despite the ceasefire that took effect on 11 October 2025: WAFA reported that 1,613 Palestinians have been killed and 5,833 injured since the ceasefire began, while 849 bodies have been recovered from under rubble, with many victims still trapped beyond the reach of rescue crews.

OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)* reported that strikes continue to hit populated areas across the Gaza Strip, causing casualties even among displaced persons, with 36 Palestinians killed

and 145 injured between 27 October and 2 November. The humanitarian situation is deteriorating further after Israeli authorities suspended humanitarian and commercial shipments from Egypt on 1 November, citing smuggling concerns; the Food Security Sector warned that daily cooked meal distribution could fall from roughly 600,000 to 330,000 — a 45 per cent reduction — and daily bread production from 160 to 139 metric tons if the suspension remains in place.

Ahead of the cold and rainy season, OCHA reported that people in Gaza still require approximately 121,000 tents, 561,000 tarpaulins, and 1.7 million mattresses, yet the Shelter Cluster holds only about 2,800 tents in stock and faces a US$186.5 million winterization funding shortfall. On 8 November, heavy rainfall and a sand embankment collapse onto tents of displaced persons killed four people, including three children and one woman, according to WAFA. Israeli restrictions on engine oil, lubricants, and spare parts threaten water pumping, sanitation, and health systems, with the Coastal Municipalities Water Utility warning of cascading failures, while neonatal intensive care units operated at 151 per cent occupancy in September.

UNRWA *(UN agency)* reports that 1.98 million people — approximately 94 per cent of Gaza's population — require shelter and non-food item assistance, 84 per cent experience water insecurity, and 395 UNRWA personnel have been killed since the conflict began.

West Bank

OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)* reported that a ten-day Israeli military operation in Hebron city between 23 October and 2 November displaced approximately 3,000 Palestinians from two neighbourhoods, during which two inhabited apartments were destroyed in punitive demolitions, leaving adjacent homes severely damaged, and 11 schools serving roughly 4,450 students remained inaccessible. As families began returning, humanitarian partners coordinated emergency shelter repairs, food parcels, and medical supplies to hospitals across the southern West Bank.

UNRWA *(UN agency)*, citing OCHA data, records that 1,145 Palestinians — including at least 250 children — have been killed and more than 16,100 injured in the West Bank since 7 October 2023.

Settler violence reached unprecedented levels, with October 2026 recording 457 attacks resulting in casualties or property damage — the highest monthly total since UN records began in 2006 — according to OCHA, including 377 attacks linked to the olive harvest

since September. Farmers and harvesters have faced physical assaults, theft of harvested olives, and destruction of property across multiple governorates. Fresh raids on 9 November saw Israeli forces detain nine young men and vandalise homes in Arraba south of Jenin, as reported by WAFA *(Palestinian official)*, which also reported a new Israeli tender for 732 settlement units west of Bethlehem and settler attacks near Tubas, while flash floods affected 37 households across seven Bedouin communities in the northern Jordan Valley.

Lebanon

Petra *(Jordanian state news agency)* reported that Israeli warplanes carried out airstrikes on the southern Lebanese towns of Kafr Tebnit and Qantara on the morning of 9 November, while artillery fire struck Mansouri, Majdal Zoun, Wadi al-Slouki, and Qabrikha. A Lebanese security source told Petra that Israeli drones flew at very low altitudes over Beirut's southern suburbs, the Israeli army conducted machine-gun sweeps in the town of Khiam, a drone dropped a stun grenade near farmers harvesting olives on the outskirts of Deir Mimas, and residents attempting to access Kfarchouba were obstructed despite prior coordination with the Lebanese army and the ceasefire monitoring committee.

According to Lebanon's Ministry of Public Health figures reported by Yeni Safak *(Turkish daily newspaper)*, Israeli attacks have killed 4,390 people and wounded 12,429 since 2 March 2026, with continuing military activity across southern districts described as violating the June US-brokered framework agreement.

Iran–US diplomatic situation

Reuters *(wire service)* reported that US President Donald Trump and Vice President JD Vance were scheduled to meet Qatar's Prime Minister and Foreign Minister, Sheikh Mohammed bin Abdulrahman Al-Thani, in Washington on 9 November amid intensifying mediation to end the more than eight-month-old Iran war. Iran has proposed a two-day 'bridge deal' under which the United States would end its naval blockade of Iranian ports and lift some sanctions in exchange for Tehran ending its blockade of the Strait of Hormuz, with nuclear and broader sanctions talks to follow. US Secretary of State Marco Rubio described Tehran's conditions as 'outrageous and ridiculous and really not realistic,' and senior US and Gulf officials see no imminent breakthrough, with UAE official Anwar Gargash warning that the region should 'prepare for a long period of uncertainty.'

Mutual military actions continue alongside the diplomacy. Reuters reported fresh US strikes targeting Iranian air-defence and radar systems on Qeshm Island, while Trump stated that renewed major strikes are 'highly unlikely' if negotiations produce a strong agreement, though he warned that 38 Iranian infrastructure targets could be struck if conflict restarts. Iranian state television reported that 11 tankers had been 'disabled' in Gulf waters over the preceding ten days, and Iran's Houthi allies claimed a strike that damaged a Saudi Aramco office building in Riyadh.

Yemen

Reuters *(wire service)* reported that reported Saudi airstrikes on the town of Bani Hushaysh east of Sanaa on 7 November killed at least 33 people and wounded 39, mostly women and children, according to the Houthi-run health ministry; a Sanaa hospital director described incoming 'double-tap' strikes that killed responding medical staff. Saudi authorities stated they were investigating the report. The strikes followed Houthi missile and drone attacks on Riyadh that damaged a Saudi Aramco office building.

The renewed Saudi–Houthi fighting — a spillover of the wider US–Iran conflict that shattered the 2022 UN-brokered truce — has revived Yemen's long-running crisis, with IOM *(UN agency)* estimating that more than 200,000 people have been newly displaced since fighting resumed in July 2026.

EASTERN EUROPE

Russia–Ukraine Conflict

Al Jazeera *(Qatari international news network)* reported that the United States is mediating a fourth round of trilateral peace negotiations between Ukraine and Russia in Abu Dhabi on 10–11 November — the first such talks in nine months. The delegations are led by Ukraine's foreign intelligence chief Rustem Umerov, Russia's Vladimir Medinsky, and US envoys Steve Witkoff and Jared Kushner. European and NATO representatives are present on-site despite Kremlin objections to European participation. The talks are expected to address security guarantees, de-escalation measures including potential energy and maritime ceasefires, and humanitarian arrangements, with Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelenskyy having acknowledged that security guarantees for Russia could be discussed after Ukraine's own security requirements are satisfied.

Russian Perspective: RT *(Russian state)* reported that the Russian Defense Ministry conducted overnight drone strikes against electric substations supplying Ukraine's military and military-industrial complex across four regions — Belaya Tserkov in Kyiv Region, near Kryvyi Rih in Dnipropetrovsk Region, Cherkasy, and a railway traction substation in Vinnytsia Region — as well as the Globinsky plant in Poltava Region, which it identified as a long-range drone assembly facility, and a cargo vessel in the Black Sea allegedly carrying weaponry for Ukrainian forces. RT previously reported that the Northern Bridge across the Dnipro River in Kyiv was struck because it was 'used to move weapons and military equipment for Ukrainian forces,' and that Russian President Vladimir Putin reiterated Russia will not accept a temporary ceasefire that merely allows Kyiv to rearm.

According to Russia Matters *(Western-nuanced source)*, a Western but nuanced source, Russia claimed a record 1,214 Ukrainian drones were intercepted across 19 regions on 29 October, while Ukraine reported intercepting 97 of 112 Russian drones; Zelenskyy noted that the United States supplies Ukraine roughly 12 Patriot interceptor missiles per month, while Russia holds an estimated 700 ballistic missiles and produces approximately 130 monthly. DeepState OSINT data compiled by Russia Matters recorded a net Russian territorial gain of 20 square miles between 6 October and 3 November 2026, with Russia controlling roughly 19 per cent of Ukrainian territory. The same source notes a Russian government claim that 9,000 Russian civilians have been killed by Ukrainian forces, alongside Western estimates of 9.6 million displaced Ukrainians.

OHCHR *(UN agency)* verified at least 328 civilians killed and 2,105 injured across Ukraine in September 2026 — the deadliest September since the 2022 invasion and an 85 per cent increase over September 2025 — of which 310 deaths and 2,061 injuries occurred in Government-controlled areas and 18 deaths and 44 injuries were verified in Russian-occupied territory. OHCHR noted that Russian-claimed civilian casualties in occupied territory (87 killed) and within the Russian Federation (53 killed) could not be verified because OHCHR is denied access to Russian-controlled areas; cumulative verified civilian casualties from January through September 2026 reached 2,570 killed and 15,211 injured.

AFRICA

Sudan

The Sudan war's cumulative death toll is estimated at 150,000 to 400,000, according to data compiled by CSIS *(US policy research institution)*, with ACLED having tracked more than 58,000 reported fatalities since the conflict began. CSIS data records over 721 attacks on healthcare — leaving fewer than 39 per cent of health facilities even partially functional — and more than 3,000 recorded air and drone strikes that have caused at least 9,000 fatalities, alongside a confirmed famine at the Zamzam displacement camp that has expanded across five localities in El Fasher and Kadugli.

UN News *(UN agency)* reported that intensifying drone strikes are systematically targeting Sudan's energy and fuel infrastructure, cutting power to hospitals — including halting dialysis for 25 patients outside Khartoum — and stranding hundreds of aid trucks; the World Food Programme's convoys have been attacked seven times in 2026 and 20 times over two years, while conflict-related sexual violence remains pervasive following atrocities around the October 2025 fall of El Fasher.

IOM *(UN agency)* warns that Sudan remains the world's largest displacement crisis, with roughly 8.6 million internally displaced people, more than 4.6 million refugees, and over 5.2 million returnees. An estimated 15.4 million people urgently require emergency shelter and essential household items, yet aid agencies can assist only about 10 per cent; the 2026 Humanitarian Needs and Response Plan, requiring US$2.9 billion to assist 20.4 million people, was only about 47 per cent funded.

ASIA

Myanmar

France 24 *(French international news network)* reported that the Myanmar military junta launched its 'Yan Naing Min' ('The King Defeats the Enemy') offensive on 4 September 2026 to retake Rakhine State, nearly 90 per cent of which is controlled by the Arakan Army. On 1 November, junta airstrikes killed 12 people and injured 32 across Rakhine State: a bomb on Yo Chaung Bridge in Kyauktaw Township killed seven people and injured seven, while a simultaneous strike on a temporary clinic in Mrauk-U killed five — including a newborn baby — and injured nine. The report documented recurring 'double-

tap' strikes against civilian sites, a tactic also recorded by the UN Independent Investigative Mechanism for Myanmar, alongside MDSI data of 144 civilians killed or injured in Rakhine in September and the 28 September bombing of India Market and the Kissapanadi Bridge, which killed at least 50 civilians. Myanmar Witness documented 58 September airstrikes, almost all targeting civilian infrastructure and property.

Conflict deaths since the 1 February 2021 military coup now exceed 100,000, according to ACLED data cited by France 24 and statements to the UN General Assembly's Third Committee reported by UN Press *(UN agency)*, which noted that the vast majority of victims are civilians and that the Arakan Army now controls 14 of Rakhine's 17 townships, while Bangladesh hosts 1.3 million Rohingya refugees.

OCHA Myanmar *(UN/humanitarian)* reports that nearly 3.8 million people are displaced across Myanmar, many having been displaced repeatedly, and more than 16 million people need humanitarian assistance nationwide. Aid delivery remains severely restricted by armed hostilities, movement controls, and administrative obstacles; humanitarian partners reached 1.6 million people against funding that stood at only 43 per cent of requirements.

STATISTICS

Table 1 — Casualties (Killed / Wounded)

Conflict/ Crisis	Key Statistic	Source	Killed	Wounded
Gaza	Since 7 Oct 2023 (cumulative)	WAFA *(Palestinian official)*	74,643	175,962
	Since Oct 2025 ceasefire	WAFA *(Palestinian official)*	1,613	5,833
West Bank	Since 7 Oct 2023	UNRWA *(UN agency)*	1,145	16,100+
Sudan	Since Apr 2023 (estimated range)		150,000–400,000	33,000+

Conflict/ Crisis	Key Statistic	Source	Killed	Wounded
		CSIS *(US policy research institution)*		
Ukraine	Civilians, Government-controlled territory (most recent OHCHR period)	OHCHR *(UN agency)*	310	2,061
	Civilians, Russian-occupied territory	OHCHR *(UN agency)*	*Unverified**	*Unverified**
Russia	Civilians from Ukrainian strikes (RF government claim)	Russia Matters *(Western-nuanced source)*	9,000	Unspecified

* OHCHR access is denied to Russian-occupied areas of Ukraine; figures for civilians in occupied territory cannot be independently verified. The vast majority (96%) of verified civilian casualties occur in Government-controlled areas.

Table 2 — Numbers (non-casualty figures)

Conflict/ Crisis	Key Statistic	Figure	Source
Myanmar	People displaced nationwide	3.8 million	OCHA Myanmar *(UN/humanitarian)*
	People needing humanitarian assistance	16 million+	OCHA Myanmar *(UN/humanitarian)*
Sudan	People needing emergency shelter and household items	15.4 million	IOM *(UN agency)*
			IOM *(UN agency)*

Conflict/ Crisis	Key Statistic	Figure	Source
	People in need of humanitarian assistance	33.7 million	
Gaza	People requiring shelter and non-food item assistance	1.98 million	UNRWA *(UN agency)*
	Share of population facing water insecurity	84%	UNRWA *(UN agency)*
Ukraine	Displaced Ukrainians (internally displaced and refugees)	9.6 million	Russia Matters *(Western-nuanced source)*
Yemen	People newly displaced since July 2026	200,000+	IOM *(UN agency)*

This report avoids unexplained qualifiers that cast doubt on an event without explaining who challenges the account, why they do so, and what source or location context is relevant. Claims are attributed inline to their source, and source-origin tags are included next to quoted or cited sources wherever practical.

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